

$$\text{Gd. } 9x^2 - 12x - 1 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-(-12) \pm \sqrt{(-12)^2 - 4(9)(-1)}}{2(9)}$$

$$x = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144 + 36}}{18} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{180}}{18}$$

7.8

Solving Problems Using Quadratic Models

WORD PROBLEMS

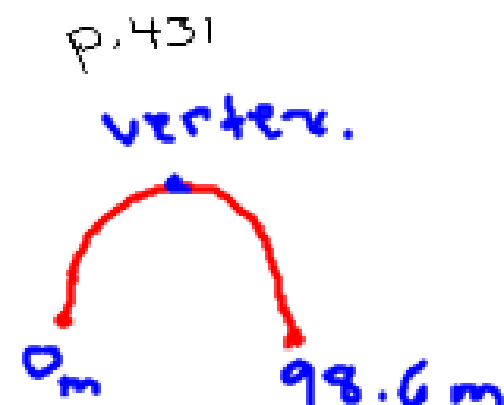


The function that describes the arch is

$$h(x) = -0.005061x^2 + 0.499015x$$

where $h(x)$ is the height, in metres, of the arch above the ice at any distance, x , in metres, from one end of the bridge.

a) Determine the distance between the bases of the arch. Then determine the maximum height of the arch, to the nearest tenth of a metre.



$$0 = -0.005061x^2 + 0.499015x$$

$$0 = (x)(-0.005061x + 0.499015)$$

$$x=0 \quad -0.005061x + 0.499015 = 0$$
$$-0.005061x = -0.499015$$

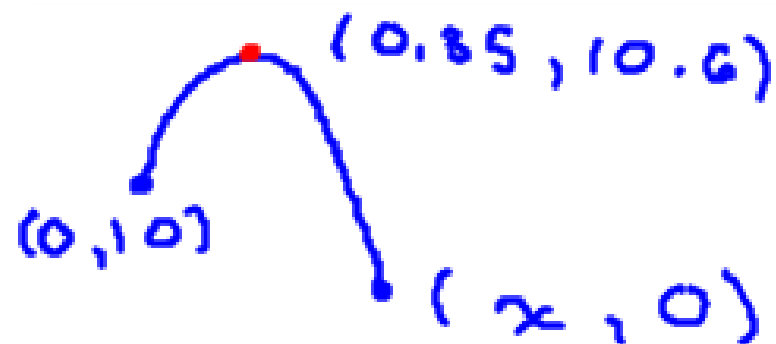
$$x = 98.6$$

a) The distance is 98.6m

b) $x = \frac{0+98.6}{2} = 49.3$ is x -value of vertex!
y-value \rightarrow plug $x=49.3$ into eq'n
b) $y = 12.3$ m

Synchronized divers perform matching dives from opposite sides of a platform that is 10 m high. If two divers reached their maximum height of 0.6 m above the platform after 0.35 s, how long did it take them to reach the water?

p. 434



$$\underline{\underline{x = t = ?}}$$

$$y = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

$$y = a(x - .35)^2 + 10.6 \rightarrow y = -4.9(x - .35)^2 + 10.6$$

$$10 = a(0 - .35)^2 + 10.6$$

$$10 = a(-.35)^2 + 10.6$$

$$-0.6 = 0.1225a$$

$$a = -4.9$$

$$y = -4.9(x - .35)^2 + 10.6$$

zeros....

$$x = 1.82$$

1.82 seconds

p. 433

$$x, x+2, x+4$$

$$(x+4)(x+4)$$

Determine three consecutive odd integers, if the square of the largest integer is 33 less than the sum of the squares of the two smaller integers.

$$(x+4)^2 = (x)^2 + (x+2)^2 - 33$$

$$\begin{array}{rccccccc} x^2 & + & 8x & + & 16 & = & \cancel{x^2} & + & x^2 & + & 4x & + & 4 & - & 33 \\ -x^2 & & -8x & & -16 & & -\cancel{x^2} & & & & -8x & & -16 & & \end{array}$$

$$0 = x^2 - 4x - 45$$

$$0 = (x-9)(x+5)$$

$$x = 9$$

$$x = -5$$

$$9, 11, 13$$

OR

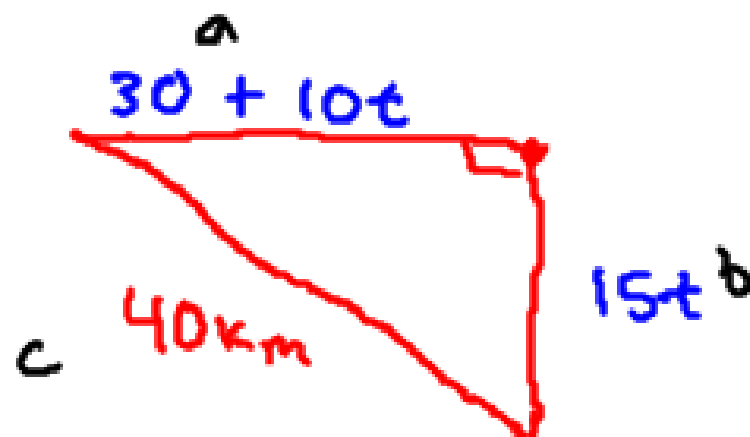
$$-5, -3, -1$$

At noon, a sailboat leaves a harbour on Vancouver Island and travels due west at 10 km/h. Three hours later, another sailboat leaves the same harbour and travels due south at 15 km/h. At what time, to the nearest minute, will the sailboats be 40 km apart?

P. 435

$$d = v \cdot t$$

3:49



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$(40)^2 = (30 + 10t)^2 + (15t)^2$$

$$1600 = 100t^2 + 600t + 900 + 225t^2$$

$$0 = 325t^2 + 600t - 700$$

$$0 = 25 [13t^2 + 24t - 28]$$

$$t = \frac{-24 \pm \sqrt{24^2 - 4(13)(-28)}}{2(13)} \dots t = 0.81 \quad t = -2.66$$

49 min.

p. 436-438 - #3-9