

# HW Review

5b.

$$(4f - 3g)(3f - 4g + 1)$$

$$-9fg.$$

$$4f(3f - 4g + 1) - 3g(3f - 4g + 1)$$

$$12f^2 - 16fg + 4f - 9fg + 12g^2 - 3g$$

$$12f^2 - 25fg + 4f + 12g^2 - 3g$$

$$(b^2 + 9b - 2)(2b - 1)$$

$$2b^3 - b^2 + 18b^2 - 9b - 4b + 2$$

$$\neq 2b^3 + 17b^2 - 13b + 2$$

Work with polynomials....

Find an expression for the perimeter and area (simplify)



$$l \quad 3x - 2$$

$$P = 2l + 2w$$

$$P = 2(3x - 2) + 2(2x + 1)$$

$$P = 6x - 4 + 4x + 2$$

$$P = 10x - 2$$

$$w \quad A = l \times w$$

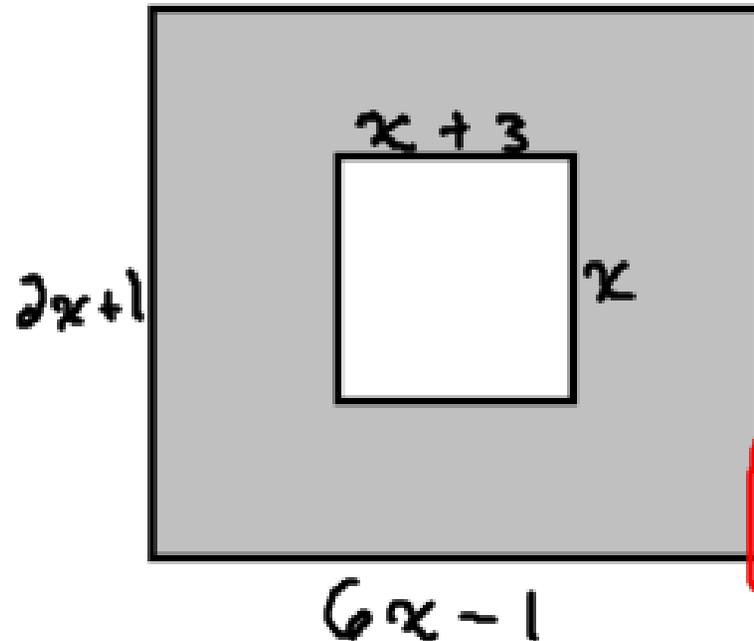
$$2x + 1$$

$$A = (3x - 2)(2x + 1)$$

$$= 6x^2 + 3x - 4x - 2$$

$$A = 6x^2 - x - 2$$

Find an expression for the shaded area



$$A_{\text{SHADED}} = A_{\text{BIG}} - A_{\text{SMALL}}$$

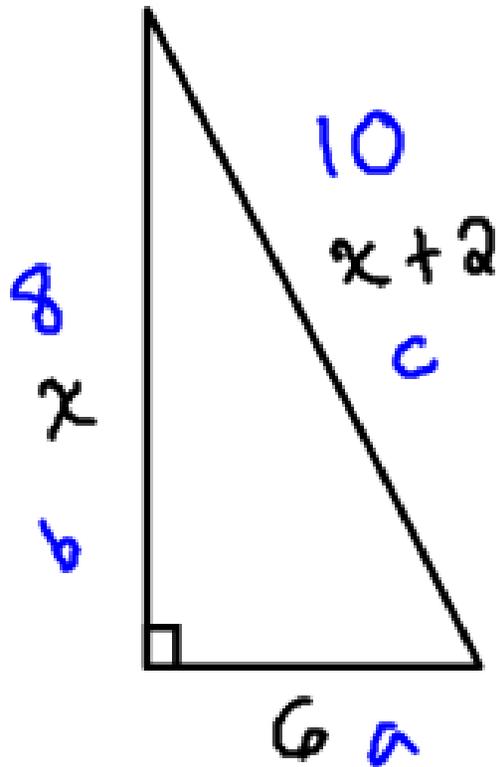
$$= (2x+1)(6x-1) - (x+3)(x)$$

$$= [12x^2 - 2x + 6x - 1] - [x^2 + 3x]$$

$$= 12x^2 + 4x - 1 - x^2 - 3x$$

$$A = 11x^2 + x - 1$$

Solve for 'x' given:



Pythagorean Theorem.

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$(x+2)^2 = 6^2 + x^2$$

$$(x+2)(x+2) = 6^2 + x^2$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 = 36 + x^2$$

$$4x + 4 = 36$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{32}{4}$$

$$x = 8$$

Do p.186-187 - #15-18, 20